

Symmetric functions in superspace

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Abstract

A generalization of the theory of symmetric functions arose in connection with the supersymmetric version of the Calogero-Sutherland model of identical particles on a circle. In this framework, one can define superspace analogs of Macdonald, Jack and Schur polynomials. We will give an overview of the combinatorics that has been uncovered so far, putting a special emphasis on certain refinements of the original Macdonald positivity conjectures that seem to shed light on the problem of finding a combinatorial interpretation for the Macdonald (q,t) -Koskta coefficients. We will also present a surprising connection between the 6-vertex model in statistical mechanics and the Pieri rules for Macdonald polynomials in superspace.

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